

RISK ASSESSMENT (RA)

Activity Cotogony (Note 1):	Workshop and an		Beference Decuments/Commente (Note 9)
Activity Category (Note 1):	Workshop and garage areas		Reference Documents/Comments (Note 8)
Sub Activities (Note 2)::			COSH Register SOP's
RA Ref No (Note 3):	RA06		
RA Type (Note 4):	SPECIFIC		
Date of RA (Note 5):	Tuesday, 31 December 2024		Location/s Derwenthaugh Regional Boat Station
Review Frequency (Note 6):	ANNUAL		
Next Review Date (Note 7):	Thursday, 01 January 2026		

Activity Category- Sub Activities (Note 10)	Hazards (something with a potential to cause harm) (Note 11)	Consequences Likelihood/Severity (Note 12)	Who and/or What is at risk (Note 13)	Control Measures (CM) Practical and evidence based, including assurance activities. New CMs required in RED Text: (Note 14)	
Working in area and cadet training during ME Courses including both storage areas.	Power tools	Injuries Electric shock	AV's cadets	Adult Supervisor must be in attendance when cadets are using tools.Tools must have a current PAT.All guards must be kept in place and used.	
	Storage above canoe store. Falling and injury from falling items. Falling items from racking	Injury from falling objects	AV's Cadets	No-one is allowed on the top storage area unless told to do so by a member of the boat station staff. All items stored must be pushed back to prevent items falling.	
	Tractor	Injury to pedestrians	AV's Cadets public	Tractor only to be removed by qualified drivers. Trailers to be removed before training commences.	
	Hazardous substances	Fire Chemical burns	AV's Cadets	COSH Register to be available Fuel to be kept in inflame store	
	Noise	Contamination, noise pollution.	AV's Cadets	PPE to be worn including disposable gloves, eye protection and ear defenders when required. Overalls are available when needed	
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ACCEPTANCE AND AUTHORISATION	Name	Role/Post	Comments	Date
Original Assessor (Note 15)	A Simpson	Principal		31/12/2024
Additional/Exceptional controls implemented by? (Note 16)				
RA Approval (Note 17)	A Simpson	Chairman		31/12/2024
RA Approval (Note 18)	D Finlay	Chief Instructor		07/01/2025

RA 1 Guidance Notes:

Note No Text (From RA1 Form)		(From RA1 Form) Aid Memoir (Refer definitions covered earlier in this guidance document)			
1	Overall Activity	- This is overall activity e.g. Litter picking as a community project			
2	Sub Activities	- Sub activities taking place as part of the overall activity Travelling to/from the location, litter picking, Stand Easy etc			
3	RA Ref No	 Decide on a local document numbering convention and place the Ref No here, It is also useful to have a RA Register with the number convention confirmed. For Unit activities that are on Westminster, use the Westminster activity reference as part of the numbering 			
		convention.			
4	RA Туре	- Are you creating a new specific RA or using an existing generic version? A dropdown box is provided to choose Generic or Specific			
		- If using a 'Generic' risk assessment, assessors are to satisfy themselves that it is valid for the task and that all significant hazards have been identified and assessed.			
		- When additional hazards are identified they are to be recorded and the generic assessment updated.			
		- Where a generic RA is not available, for example where it is a one-off task , a specific risk assessment should be conducted.			
		- The RA may also identify the need to undertake specialist RA e.g. COSHH, Manual handling, Fire, Workstation, templates for these RAs are on the T&A			
5	Date of RA	- Use date selector			
6	Review Frequency	- A dropdown box is provided with Annual or 6 Monthly or Other. Where other is selected place some covering text in box next to the period.			
		- Part of the RA Process requires that RAs are reviewed periodically.			
		- Risk Assessments are to be reviewed:			
		 At frequency that is appropriate to the level of risk of the activity (e.g., high risk - potentially each time the activity is to be conducted or at least 6 monthly; medium risk review control measures and improve if reasonably practicable to do so; 6 monthly or at least annually; low risk – annually) As outlined by local instructions/procedures 			
		 If there is any reason to doubt the effectiveness of the risk assessment. Following an Incident 			
		 Prior to use after additional control measures have been implemented and signed off. 			
		 Prior to significant changes to the task, process, or procedure. 			
		 Prior to the introduction of a vulnerable person(s). 			
7	Next Review Date	- Use date selector			

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8	Reference	- List any standards, regulations, procedures or guidance referenced during the RA process.		
	Documents/Comments	- Add comments to support the risk assessment, make it clear what the activity is.		
9	Location/s	- List location/s involved in the activity, this could include:		
		- How you travel to/from the activity, where there several sites for the same activity, etc		
10	Activity Category-	- Try to break the activity down in sub activity/s.		
	Sub Activities	- Example, could be:		
		- Travelling to the location		
		- Travelling back		
		- Different activities at the location		
		- Emergency planning		
11	Hazards	- Defined as 'Something with a potential to cause harm'.		
	something with a	- Carefully look at the activities involved and walk through each activity in detail, look for the hazards e.g. cable across a		
	potential to cause	walkway, loose paving slab outside a unit, hazardous cleaning equipment, poorly maintained electrical equipment,		
	harm	lifting heavy equipment, etc.		
		 You may need to talk to subject matter experts to fully understand the hazards 		
12	Consequences	- Probably the most important step within the process, however this is a step that you undertake on regular basis as part		
	Likelihood/Severity	of life, crossing the road, driving a car etc.		
		- Likelihood - Look at the hazard and determine how likely is that someone could be harmed by the hazard. If we use an		
		example above 'Loose slab', all the time there is no one using that walkway the likelihood is low, change this to parade		
		night on a dark winters evening, and the likelihood of an injury has increased considerably.		
		 Severity – Regardless of how likely it is, how severe will the outcome be from an injury point of view e.g. could it be fatal or lead to a major injury or would it be fairly minor? 		
13	Who and/or What is at	- Talk to those that may be involved in the activity, walk through the activity planning with them and ask them about		
	risk	their concerns.		
		- Think about vulnerable people, young people, those with a disability or, medical condition and their capability to		
		undertake the activity,		
		- Think about those not directly taking part in the activity such as the public or the emergency services who may attend		
		if something goes wrong.		
14	Control Measures	- This section is all about controlling the identified risks		
	(CM)	 Look at what you're already doing, and the controls you already have in place. 		
	CMs not yet in place in	- Ask yourself: can I get rid of the hazard altogether?		
	RED Text:	- If not, how can I control the risks so that harm is unlikely? It is always difficult to reduce the severity!		
		- If you need further controls, consider:		

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		 Redesigning the activity replacing the materials, equipment or process Organising the activity to reduce exposure to the materials, equipment or process identifying and implementing practical measures needed to work safely Providing personal protective equipment and making sure people involved wear it. Control in Red Text, means these are controls that are not yet in place and need to progressed prior to the activity taking place. What reasonably practicable means: Put the controls you have identified in place. You're not expected to eliminate all risks but you need to do everything 'reasonably practicable' to protect people from harm. This means balancing the level of risk against the measures needed to control the real risk in terms of money, time or trouble
15	Original Assessor	 This is the person who is undertaking the risk assessment. This person should a competent person who is used to undertaking risk assessments. Ideally the person should have completed some formal risk assessment training through the DLE (Managing Safely training course, MSSC Online training, or external training through their full time work.
16	Additional/Exceptional controls implemented by?	- Where additional control in Red Text have been identified, these measures need to be implemented prior to the activity commencing, they must be signed off by either the assessor or the person developing the control measures.
17	RA Approval	- The activity risk assessment must be approved by the chain of command, e.g. for unit-based activity the CO/OiC or for District activities the DO.
End		